UNIT 2 Study Guide Review



Operations with Fractions

Key Vocabulary reciprocals (reciprocos)

ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How can you use operations with fractions to solve real-world problems?

EXAMPLE 1

Add.

$\frac{7}{9} + \frac{5}{12}$	The GCF of 9 and 12 is 36.
$\frac{7\times4}{4}$ + $\frac{5\times3}{2}$	Use the GCF to make fractions
9 × 4 ' 12 × 3	with common denominators.
$\frac{28}{36} + \frac{15}{36} = \frac{43}{36}$	Simplify.
$\frac{43}{36} = 1\frac{7}{36}$	

<u>9</u> 10	$-\frac{5}{6}$		
$\frac{9 \times 10^{10}}{10 \times 10^{10}}$	<u>3</u> —	<u>5</u> 6>	< 5 < 5
<u>27</u> 30 -	- <u>25</u> 30 =	$=\frac{2}{3}$	<u>2</u> 0
$\frac{2}{30} =$	$=\frac{1}{15}$		

The GCF of 10 and 6 is 30. Use the GCF to make fractions with common denominators. Simplify.

EXAMPLE 2

Multiply.

A. $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{8}$	I	3. $2\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$	
$\frac{4\times1}{5\times8} = \frac{4}{40}$	Multiply numerators. Multiply denominators.	$\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$	Rewrite the mixed number as a fraction greater than 1.
$\frac{4\div 4}{40\div 4} = \frac{1}{10}$	Simplify by dividing by the GCF.	$\frac{9\times1}{4\times5}=\frac{9}{20}$	Multiply numerators. Multiply denominators.

EXAMPLE 3

Divide.

A. $\frac{2}{7} \div \frac{1}{2}$	Rewrite the problem as	B. $2\frac{1}{3} \div 1\frac{3}{4}$	
$\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{2}{1}$	multiplication using the	$\frac{7}{3} \div \frac{7}{4}$	Writ
, ,	fraction.	1 1	Mult
$\frac{2 \times 2}{2} = \frac{4}{2}$	Multiply numerators.	$\frac{\sqrt[7]{\times4}}{3\times\sqrt[7]{1}} = \frac{4}{3}$	oftł
7×1 7	Multiply denominators.	$1\frac{1}{3}$	Sim

e both mixed numbers nproper fractions. tiply by the reciprocal he second fraction. plify: $\frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$

EXERCISES

Add. Write the answer in simplest form. (Lesson 4.1)

1. $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{4}{5}$ **2.** $1\frac{9}{10} + \frac{3}{4}$ **3.** $\frac{2}{8} + \frac{6}{12}$

Subtract. Write the answer in simplest form. (Lesson 4.1)

4. $1\frac{3}{7} - \frac{4}{5}$ **5.** $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{5}{12}$ **6.** $3\frac{5}{10} - \frac{4}{8}$

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Multiply. Write the answe	in simplest form. (L	esson 4.1)			
7. $\frac{1}{7} \times \frac{4}{5}$	8. $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{2}{3}$	9.	$\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{14}{15}$		
10. $1\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{8}$	11. $1\frac{2}{9} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	12. 2	$2\frac{1}{7} \times 3\frac{2}{3}$		
Divide. Write the answer i	n simplest form. (Lee	sons 4.2, 4.3)			
13. $\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{2}{3}$	14. $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{3}{4}$	15.	$1\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{1}{4}$		
16. On his twelfth birthd birthday, Ben was $5\frac{3}{8}$ twelfth and thirteent	16. On his twelfth birthday, Ben was $4\frac{3}{4}$ feet tall. On his thirteenth birthday, Ben was $5\frac{3}{8}$ feet tall. How much did Ben grow between his twelfth and thirteenth birthdays? (Lesson 4.1)				
17. Ron had 20 apples. H apples did Ron use fo	e used $rac{2}{5}$ of the apples r pies? (Lesson 4.4)	s to make pies. How ma	ny		
18. The area of a rectangular garden is $38\frac{1}{4}$ square meters. The width of the garden is $4\frac{1}{2}$ meters. Find the length of the garden. (Lesson 4.4)					
Coperce Sential QUESTION	itions with	Decimals	Key Vocabulary order of operations (orden de las operaciones)		
How can you use opera problems?	tions with decimals t	o solve real-world			
EXAMPLE 1 To prepare for a race, Lloyd ran every day for two weeks. He ran a total of 67,592 meters. Lloyd ran the same distance every day. He took a two-day rest and then started running again. The first day after his rest, he ran the same distance plus 1,607.87 meters more. How far did Lloyd run that day?					
Step 1 Divide to see how f 4,828 14)67,592	ar Lloyd ran every day	/ during the two weeks.			
Lloyd ran 4,828 me	ers a day.				
Step 2 Add 1,607.87 to 4,8 1,607.87 <u>+ 4,828.00</u> 6,435.87	28 to find out how fai Lloyd ran 6,435.87	r Lloyd ran the first day meters that day.	after his rest.		

EXAMPLE 2

Rebecca bought 2.5 pounds of red apples. The apples cost \$0.98 per pound. What was the total cost of Rebecca's apples?

 $\begin{array}{rrrr} 2.5 & \leftarrow & 1 \text{ decimal place} \\ \underline{\times .98} & \underbrace{\leftarrow + 2 \text{ decimal places}} \\ \underline{+ 2250} \\ \hline 2.450 & \leftarrow & 3 \text{ decimal places} \end{array}$

The apples cost \$2.45.

EXAMPLE 3

Rashid spent \$37.29 on gas for his car. Gas was \$3.39 per gallon. How many gallons did Rashid purchase?

Step 1	The divisor ha	as two decimal places,	Step 2 Divide:
	so multiply be the divisor by	oth the dividend and 100 so that the divisor mber:	11 339)3729 320
	is a whole hu	inder.	-339
	3.39) 37.29	339) 3729	339
			-339
			0

Rashid purchased 11 gallons of gas.

EXERCISES

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Add. (Lesson 5.2)

1.	12.24 + 3.9	2.	0.986 + 0.342	3.	2.479 + 0.31
Subt	ract. (Lesson 5.2)				
4.	6.19 – 3.05	5.	7.285 — 0.975	6.	14.31 — 13.41
Mult	iply. (Lesson 5.3)				
7.	12 ×0.4	8.	0.15 × 9.1	9.	3.12 ×0.25
Divic	le. (Lessons 5.1, 5.4)				
10.	78,974 ÷ 21	11.	19,975 ÷ 25	12.	67,396 ÷ 123
13.	5)64.5	14.	0.6)25.2	15.	2.1)36.75

16. A pound of rice crackers costs \$2.88. Matthew purchased $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of crackers. How much did he pay for the crackers? (Lesson 5.5)

Unit 2 Performance Tasks

- **1. CAREERS IN MATH** Chef Chef Alonso is creating a recipe called Spicy Italian Chicken with the following ingredients: $\frac{3}{4}$ pound chicken, $2\frac{1}{2}$ cups tomato sauce, 1 teaspoon oregano, and $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon of his special hot sauce.
 - **a.** Chef Alonso wants each serving of the dish to include $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of chicken. How many $\frac{1}{2}$ pound servings does this recipe make?
 - **b.** What is the number Chef Alonso should multiply the amount of chicken by so that the recipe will make 2 full servings, each with $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of chicken?
 - **c.** Use the multiplier you found in part **b** to find the amount of all the ingredients in the new recipe.
 - **d.** Chef Alonso only has three measuring spoons: 1 teaspoon, $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon, and $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon. Can he measure the new amounts of oregano and hot sauce exactly? Explain why or why not.
- **2.** Amira is painting a rectangular banner $2\frac{1}{4}$ yards wide on a wall in the cafeteria. The banner will have a blue background. Amira has enough blue paint to cover $1\frac{1}{2}$ square yards of wall.
 - **a.** Find the height of the banner if Amira uses all of the blue paint. Show your work.
 - **b.** The school colors are blue and yellow, so Amira wants to add yellow rectangles on the left and right sides of the blue rectangle. The yellow rectangles will each be $\frac{3}{4}$ yard wide and the same height as the blue rectangle. What will be the total area of the two yellow rectangles? Explain how you found your answer.
 - **c.** What are the dimensions of the banner plus yellow rectangles? What is the total area? Show your work.





Assessment Readiness



Selected Response

- Each paper clip is ⁷/₈ of an inch long and costs \$0.03. Exactly enough paper clips are laid end to end to have a total length of 56 inches. What is the total cost of these paper clips?
 - (A) \$0.49 (C) \$1.47
 - **B** \$0.64 **D** \$1.92
- **2.** Which of these is the same as $\frac{8}{9} \div \frac{2}{3}$?

	$\bigcirc \frac{8}{9} \times \frac{2}{3}$
B $\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{8}{9}$	D $\frac{8}{9} \times \frac{3}{2}$

- **3.** A rectangular tabletop has a length of $4\frac{3}{4}$ feet and an area of $11\frac{7}{8}$ square feet. What is the width of the tabletop?
 - (A) $1\frac{1}{16}$ feet
 - **B** $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet
 - \bigcirc 4¹/₄ feet
 - (D) $8\frac{1}{2}$ feet
- **4.** Dorothy types 120 words per minute. How many words does Dorothy type in 1.75 minutes?
 - A 150 words
 - **B** 180 words
 - © 200 words
 - **D** 210 words
- 5. What is the opposite of 17?

(A) −17

B
$$-\frac{1}{17}$$

$$C_{\frac{1}{17}}$$

D 17

- **6.** What is the absolute value of -36?
 - **(A)** −36
 - **B** 0
 - **(C)** 6
 - **D** 36
- 7. Noelle has $\frac{5}{6}$ of a yard of purple ribbon and $\frac{9}{10}$ of a yard of pink ribbon. How much ribbon does she have altogether?
 - (A) $1\frac{11}{15}$ yards (C) $2\frac{1}{5}$ yards (B) $1\frac{4}{5}$ yards (D) $1\frac{14}{16}$ yards
- 8. Apples are on sale for \$1.20 a pound. Logan bought $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pound. How much money did he spend on apples?

- **B** \$0.80 **D** \$1.00
- **9.** Samantha bought 4.5 pounds of pears. Each pound cost \$1.68. How much did Samantha spend in all?
 - (A) \$7.52 (C) \$8.40
 - **B** \$7.56 **D** \$75.60
- 10. Gillian earns \$7.50 an hour babysitting on the weekends. Last week she babysat for 2.2 hours on Saturday and 3.5 hours on Sunday. How much did Gillian earn?
 - (A) \$4.25 (C) \$42.75
 - **B** \$40.25 **D** \$427.50
- **11.** Luis made some trail mix. He mixed $4\frac{2}{3}$ cups of popcorn, $1\frac{1}{4}$ cups of peanuts, $1\frac{1}{3}$ cups of raisins, and $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of sunflower seeds. He gave 5 of his friends an equal amount of trail mix each. How much did each friend get?

(A)
$$1\frac{3}{5}$$
 cups (C) $1\frac{3}{4}$ cups

(B) $1\frac{2}{3}$ cups **(D)** 2 cups

- 12. Emily cycled 20.25 miles over 4 days last week. She cycled the same amount each day. How many miles did Emily cycle each day to the nearest hundredth?
 - (A) 5.01 miles (C) 5.60 miles
 - (B) 5.06 miles (D) 5.65 miles
- 13. Landon drove 103.5 miles on Tuesday, 320.75 miles on Wednesday, and 186.30 miles on Thursday. How far did Landon drive all three days combined?
 - (A) 61.55 miles (C) 610.55 miles
 - (B) 610.055 miles (D) 6,105.5 miles

Mini Task

- **14.** Carl earns \$3.25 per hour walking his neighbor's dogs. He walks them $\frac{1}{3}$ of an hour in the morning and $\frac{1}{2}$ of an hour in the afternoon.
 - **a.** How much time does Carl spend dog walking every day?
 - **b.** How much time does Carl spend dog walking in a week?
 - **c.** Ten minutes is equal to $\frac{1}{6}$ of an hour. How many minutes does Carl work dog walking each week?
 - **d.** How much money does Carl earn each week?
- 15. The city zoo had an equal number of visitors on Saturday and Sunday. In all, 32,096 people visited the zoo that weekend. How many visited each day?

a. On Saturday, $\frac{1}{8}$ of the people who visited were senior citizens, $\frac{1}{8}$ were infants, $\frac{1}{4}$ were children, and $\frac{1}{2}$ were adults. How many of each group visited the zoo on Saturday?

Senior Citizens: _	
Infants:	
Children:	
Adults:	

b. On Sunday, $\frac{1}{16}$ of the people who visited were senior citizens, $\frac{3}{16}$ were infants, $\frac{3}{8}$ were children, and $\frac{3}{8}$ were adults. How many of each group visited the zoo on Sunday?

Senior Citizens:

Infants: _____

Children:

Adults: _____

c. The chart shows how much each type of ticket costs.

Type of Ticket	Cost
Infants	Free
Children Over 2	\$4.50
Adults	\$7.25
Senior Citizens	\$5.75

d. How much money did the zoo make on Saturday? Show your work.

e. How much did the zoo make on Sunday?